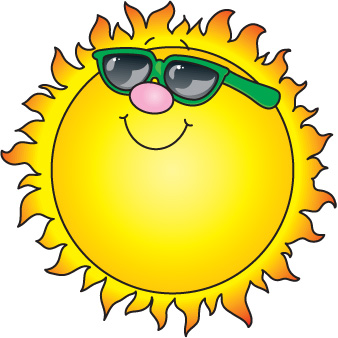
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| Breathing out and allowing your seat to relax helps him relax and stand still. If your horse doesn’t like to stand, ask him to halt for only a second; then move forward. You can work up to asking him to stand for 2 seconds, then 3 seconds and longer. Remember to stay straight and even, or he may move sideways.  A perfect halt is well balanced, straight, and square; the horse halts with front legs and hind legs lined up, and his head, neck, and back straight. Straightness is most important. Ride a straight line before and during your halt, with your eyes on a target ahead. You must be perfectly straight, with your weight balanced evenly on both seat bones, and your rein contact even, or the halt will be crooked.  Developing a straight, square halt takes time and training. You must be aware of what your horse’s hind legs are doing. A horse stops with one hind leg, then the other. The last hind leg to stop is usually left behind and must take a half-step to square up. It helps to have a helper tell you which hind leg is left behind. |

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| Oxbow Raiders 4-H Club |
| We’re still looking for club presentations! Remember, it’s a state requirement! Please plan to give them before school starts.  ***Megan Calkin***  *Reporter* |

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| ***4-H Schedule*** | |
| 8/10 | 4-H Meeting (2:30-3:30) |
| 8/17 | 4-H Meeting (2:30-3:30) |
| 8/24 | 4-H Meeting (2:30-3:30) |
| 8/31 | Halloween Party & Costume Contest |
| 9/21 | 4-H Meeting (2:30-3:30) |

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| Quote of The Month |
| The winner is always part of the answer;  The Loser is always part of the problem;  The Winner always has a program;  The Lower always has an excuse;  The Winner says, “Let me do it for you.”  The Loser says, “That’s not my job.”  The Winner sees an answer for every problem;  The Loser see a problem for every answer;  The Winner sees a green near every sand trap;  The Loser sees 2 or 3 sand traps near every green;  The Winner says, “It may be difficult but it’s possible.”  The Loser says, “It may be possible, but it’s too difficult.”  Be a Winner! (Heehaw! Heehaw! Heehaw!) |

*Happy Summer!*



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| Greetings from Giuseppe! We hope everyone has been enjoying the summer. We’ve been busy busy, busy. It was fun running cross country at our July show. ***Matt***, ***Tim*** and ***Gary*** did a great job mowing and placing jumps. The riders had a great time, results inside. |
| We extend a warm welcome to ***Apollo Entice***, Butler, our new adult rider, ***Addisyn Fazio***, West Milford, ***arielle O’Connor***, Kinnelon and ***Chad VanderGoot***, Sussex, our new junior riders. We also welcome back ***Ethan Poplawski***, Franklin. Ethan joined us last year for the summer. We need to keep you in the saddle over the school year. You’re making great progress!  It’s wonderful to see our own ***Valentina Stigler*** shoeing with **Dave Vanderhoof**. One day while Val was still in high school she was watching Dave shoe. He asked her if she was interested in learning the skill. Val said yes and Dave told her |

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| to call him when she graduated. Val called and Dave took her on and says that he has never had anyone pick it up as quickly as Val has. They make a good team because both Dave and Val are perfectionists. Really good for us equines! (Hee-  haw! Heehaw! Heehaw! |

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| August Birthdays |
| Our best wishes for a very happy birthday go out to Nancy Nelson (1), Ed Picard (12), Jake Delvalle (15) |

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| August Anniversaries |
| Our best wishes go out to Kathy Barrand (2000), Kimmie Coscia (2017), Tara McAdams (2017), Caprice Tanis (2017), Julie Glista (2018). |

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| Late Summer Calendar | |
| 8/3 | #2 Summer Saturday Program |
| 8/5 | #5 Summer Program |
| 8/11 | Michael Page Master Jumping Class |
| 8/18 | Oxbow Show (Closing Date: 8/ 8) |
| 8/19 | #6 Summer Program |
| 8/25 | Cross Country Clinic |
| 9/7 | Oxbow Riding Club Begins |
| 8/8 | Michael Page Master Jumping Class |
| 9/15 | Oxbow Show (Closing Date: 9/5) |

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| Congratulations! |
| ***Megan Calkin*** and Sugar travelled with ***Barbara Nabors*** and Loki to The Ridge Show in Asbury on July 7th. Megan gave Sugar exemplary rides, winning two blues and a red! She and Sugar competed in the Cross Rails Jumper division which included the 1) Speed class, 2) Time, first jump off class and the 3) Power and Speed class. Megan and Sugar won the championship. Way to go! That girl deserves a lot of sugar! (That’s Sugar, of course! Heehaw! Heehaw! Heehaw!) |

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| Oxbow riding Club |
| Can you believe that it's August and we're starting to think about the beginning of the Oxbow Riding Club, aka the Saturday Program? Time goes by when you're having so much fun with us equines! The new fall program starts on Sept. 7th. (Heehaw! Heehaw! Heehaw!) There's information enclosed. |

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| Oxbow Show |
| We had great weather for out show on July 14th. **Pat Piccillo** judged dressage. A big thank you to ***Lisa Merrill***, our dressage scribe, ***Darby Callahan***, our dressage steward and ***Erin Rizzi***, our scorer. We also thank ***Jo Iacono***, our show jumping judge, ***Nancy Nelson, Melissa Sinopoli, Ty Tanis*** and ***Dave Chauvin,*** our show jumping crew. We thank ***Melissa Sinopoli***, our cross country start, ***Gary Alibone***, ***Matt Fletcher***, ***Nancy Nelson***, ***Marillia Tanis,*** ***Ty Tanis*** and ***Dave Chauvin***, our cross country judges. We couldn’t have done it without you!  We ran a Leadline Class for our beginning riders. They had a great time and got a taste of showing in a few laid-back and relaxed way. Our Oxbow riders had a “sweep” in the Combined Test division, winning the first five places. Congratulations! The results: |
| *Pre-Starter/Starter Horse Trials*  1st Hallie Arias & An App for That (31.700)  ***2nd Megan Calkin & Mystic Sugarwood (33.300)***  ***3rd Capri Tanis & Luke (40.800)***  4th Sophia Kucinski & Ethel’s a Heartbreaker (125.00)  4th Eliminated  5th Eliminated  *Combined Tests*  ***1st Rachana Bhattacharya & Macaroni (32.200)***  ***2nd Megan Calkin & Annie (34.700)***  ***3rd Capri Tanis & Mariposa (38.500)***  ***4th Barbara Nabors & Loki [BN] (40.000)***  ***5th Barbara Nabors & Loki [N] (41.000)***  6th Sandra Schwinzer & Kontraband [E] (44.000)  7th Ceara Lambert & Fresh Prince [S] (45.700) |
| *USEF Training Level*  1st Laura Shanon & Timber [T-2] (72.000)  2nd Laura Shanon & Timber [T-1] (70.300)  3rd Emily Layton & Patrick [T-2] (69.400)  4th Emily Layton & Patrick [T-1] (69.200)  *Leadline Test B*  ***1st Julie Glista & Chester (76.200)***  ***2nd Tara McAdams & Macaroni (70.600)***  ***3rd Aleksandra Greenwich & Kye (60.000)***  *Presentation*  ***1st Capri Tanis & Mariposa (94)***  ***2nd Megan Calkin & Annie (93)***  ***3rd Rachana Bhattacharya & Macaroni (92)***  ***4th Julie Glista & Chester (89)*** |

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| Training Tip |
| The following is excerpted from the US Pony Club Manual C-1 – C-2 Level.  **Better Transitions**  A *transition* is a change from one gait to another or from a gait to a halt. Going from a halt or a slower gait to a faster gait is an upward transition. A downward transition means going from a faster gait to a slower one or a halt |
| Transitions give a horse practice in adjusting his balance, or rebalancing himself and responding to your aids. They help him move better in all his gaits. However, only smooth, well-ridden transitions help a horse. Rough and sudden transitions are awkward and hard on both horse and rider.  Here are some ways to improve your horse’s transitions and the way you ride them:   * Prepare for every transition. A horse needs several strides to get ready for a transition. If you are riding in a ring with dressage letters, start preparing for a transition at least one letter before the spot where you want to make a transition. * Wake your horse up with a leg squeeze or half-halt before you ask him to change gaits. This gets him ready to respond to your aids – especially your leg and seat aids. * When you sit up deep and tall with your feet under your seat and take a deep breath, you rebalance yourself. This helps your horse adjust his balance and get ready for a transition. Several quick half-halts, or rebalancings, in a row work better than one. * Use several short aids, squeezing and releasing in rhythm with your horse’s gait, instead of one long, hard one. * Taking a deep breath makes your body more relaxed and supple and helps you ride transitions without stiffening up or bouncing. |
| **Making Square Halts**  You and your horse should learn to make square, well-balanced halts, and to stand still at the halt for several seconds. This takes a good working attitude, with a calm, obedient horse that pays attention to your aids.  A good halt is always ridden *from back to front*. This means that you ask your horse to step under himself with both hind legs in order to rebalance himself as he halts. You do this by sitting deep and tall, rebalancing yourself, and stretching your spine briefly while softly closing your legs on your horse’s sides. A split second later, your hands gently squeeze and resist, asking your horse to halt. You may need to repeat this sequence (seat, leg, hands, relax) several times in rhythm with your horse’s gait before he learns to balance himself and halt.  A bad halt is “all in the hands.” When a rider pulls or hangs on her horse’s mouth, the horse first stiffens his mouth and neck, then hollows his back, braces his legs, and stops out of balance with his hand legs sprawled out behind him. He may throw his head up, open his mouth, lean on the bit, or halt crookedly. This kind of halt is even harder on a horse if his rider tries to halt quickly from a fast gait.  At this stage, you should make your halts gradually through the walk. This means that your horse takes a few steps to slow down and walks a step or two before he halts. Only quite advanced horses (and riders) are able to make smooth halts directly from the trot or the canter.  To get your horse to stand quietly at the halt, you must relax but stay in contact with him through your seat, legs and hands. |

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| Horse Terms |
| The following horsemanship terms are used to describe a horse. They are taken from the D Level Pony Club Manual   * Mare – A mature female horse or pony who is 4 years old or older. * Gelding – A male horse or pony of any age that has been neutered. He cannot |
| be used for breeding.   * Stallion – A mature male horse or pony who is 4 years old or older. He can be used for breeding. * Dam – A horse or pony’s mother. * Sire – A horse or pony’s father. * Foal – A baby horse or pony of either sex under 1 year old. * Filly – A young female horse or pony under 4 years old. * Colt – A young male horse or pony under 4 years old. * Yearling – A horse or pony who is 1 year old. * Near side – The left side of a horse or pony. * Off side – The right side of a horse or pony. * Green – A pony who is untrained or inexperienced.   The following are the most common colors of horse and ponies. “Points” means the color of the ears, mane, tail and lower leg.   1. **Black** – All black with black points and no brown highlights. 2. **Brown** – Dark brown or nearly black with brown highlights. 3. **Bay** – Brown or reddish brown body with black points (mane, tail and legs). ***Angel, Count, Luke, Macaroni*** and **Princess** are bay. 4. **Chestnut** (also called **Sorrel**) – Reddish brown with the same color or lighter tail, mane and legs. A chestnut does not have black points. Chestnuts may be dark chestnut, red chestnut or light chestnut; the mane and tail may be red, brown or blond. ***Kye*** and ***Crimson*** are chestnut. 5. **Grey** – Grey or white with dark skin, eyes and muzzle. Greys are born dark colored and grow lighter as they age until they are nearly white. (True white ponies are born white with pink skin.) ***Lacey, Nicky*** and ***Sugar*** are grey. Variations of grey include:    * **Iron grey** – Dark grey, nearly black, with some white hairs. Many horses are iron grey when they are young and become lighter with age. |
| * + **Dapple grey** – Mottled grey with dapples or circles of white color all over the body.   + **Rose grey** – A chestnut horse who has turned grey. These horses have a purple, red or brown tinge to their coats throughout the greying process. They can have dapples. Their manes are darker than the coat color.   + **Flea-bitten grey** – Speckled grey with tiny black, brown or |

* **Palomino** – Golden coat with white mane and tail. ***Lydia*** is a palomino.
* **Pinto** – Large colored patches of any color and white. ***Poco*** is a pinto. A piebald is black and white. A skewbald is any other color with white.
* **Roan** – Roans are a solid color with white flecking throughout the coat. Roans’ manes and tails can be flaxen for strawberry roans and other roans may have *frosting* (where the top hairs of the mane or tail are very light in color).
  + **Strawberry roan** – Chestnut with white flecking. ***Jenna*** is a strawberry roan.
  + **Blue roan** – Black with white flecks, giving it a blue tinge.
  + **Red roan** – Bay with white flecks, giving it a red look.
* **Appaloosa** – Has small round spots or speckles. May be dark with light spots, white with dark spots, roan with patches of spots or dark with a white “blanket” and spots over the hindquarters. No Appaloosa has the same patterning of spots. Appaloosas come in a wide variety of colors, but the basic patterns include leopard, blanket, snowflake, roan. Appaloosas have a white sclera (edge of the pupil of the eye), striped hooves and spots on the muzzle and under the tail. Creek is an appaloosa.

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| It's time to start thinking about electing officers for the 2018-2019 year. Our re-organizing meeting will be on Sept. 22nd at 2:30 pm. We will be nominating officers at that time and voting at our meeting on Oct. 6th. If you have not yet given a |
| club presentation, they are due by Sept. 30th. Completed project books (with a story) are also due.  If you are not a member of our 4-H club, but think you might be interested, you are cordially invited to attend a meeting. We usually meet twice a month on a Sat. afternoon. You don't have to be a member of the ORC to be a 4-H member. Please call the office and leave a message and we will get back to you.  ***Megan Calkin***  *Reporter* |

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| **Phoenix Equestrian Center**, **Home of** |
| Presents |